LEWIS J. THALER vs. MAYOR GEORGE "BUD" SCHOLL, ET. AL. HONORABLE JUDITH KREEGER

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                           IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE
                           ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN AND
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                           FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA
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                           CASE No.: 14-029339-CA-01 (08)
   LEWIS J. THALER,
    Candidate, Office of Mayor,
   City of Sunny Isles Beach, Florida,
             Plaintiff,
 6
    vs.
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   MAYOR GEORGE "BUD" SCHOLL, City of
    Sunny Isles Beach, Florida;
    PENELOPE TOWNSLEY, in her official
    capacity as Supervisor of Elections for
    Miami-Dade County, Florida, and as a
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   member of the Canvassing Board;
    CANVASSING BOARD OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY,
    FLORIDA, consisting of SHELLEY J. KRAVITZ,
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    in her official capacity as County Judge
    and Chairperson of the Canvassing Board;
12
    ANDREW S. HAGUE, in his official capacity
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    as County Judge and a substitute member
    of the Canvassing Board; and JANE A. HINES,
    in her official capacity as City Clerk,
14
    City of Sunny Isles Beach, Florida,
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             Defendants.
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                      Transcript of Hearing
              Before the Honorable Judith Kreeger,
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                       Circuit Court Judge
19
    DATE TAKEN:
                      Thursday, February 25, 2016
20
                      2:54 p.m. - 3:41 p.m.
    TIME:
21
                      Miami-Dade County Courthouse
    LOCATION:
                      73 West Flagler Street
22
                      Miami, Florida 33130
23
   REPORTED BY:
                      Lesly Montes, FPM,
24
                      Court Reporter and Notary Public
25
   TRANSCRIBED BY:
                      Natalie Hartsfield, FPR, CER, CET,
                      Court Reporter and Notary Public
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2	PROCEEDINGS
3	THE COURT: Would you all care to announce
4	your appearances for the court reporter?
5	MR. LOWY: Certainly, Your Honor. Ron Lowy
6	of Lowy and Cook on behalf of Lewis Thaler, who's
7	sitting to my right, along with my associate
8	Jonathan Smulevich.
9	THE REPORTER: Thank you.
10	MR. SHUBIN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
11	John Shubin of Shubin & Bass with Liana Kozlowski,
12	along with Mayor George "Bud" Scholl.
13	MR. DE GRANDY: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
14	My name is Miguel De Grandy. I represent the City
15	of Sunny Isles. With me is my associate
16	Daniel Hanlon and the City Attorney Hans Ottinot.
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	MR. VALDES: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
19	Michael Valdes representing the Supervisor of
20	Elections, and Oren Rosenthal, also from the Miami
21	County Attorney's Office.
22	THE COURT: Did we get everybody?
23	MR. LOWY: Yes, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Okay. Good.
25	All right. You're here this afternoon for



- 1 competing motions for summary judgment; and I've
- 2 read most of what you have filed with the Court,
- 3 including the various cases. And I really
- 4 appreciate your having thoroughly briefed the
- 5 issues that you're presenting to the Court. So
- 6 having said that, I'll be glad to hear arguments.
- 7 I don't recall whose motion for summary
- 8 judgment was filed first. That's the one --
- 9 Mr. Lowy, I think the finger is being pointed at
- 10 you.
- MR. LOWY: Yes, Your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: Okay. First, can I correctly
- assume from all of the filings, including the
- 14 stipulation of facts that was filed some time ago,
- 15 that everybody here agrees that this case is
- 16 properly decided on a summary judgment basis?
- 17 MR. VALDES: Yes, Your Honor.
- 18 MR. LOWY: Yes, Your Honor.
- MS. KOZLOWSKI: Yes, Your Honor.
- 20 MR. DE GRANDY: Yes, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
- MR. LOWY: May it please Your Honor?
- 23 THE COURT: Yes, sir.
- MR. LOWY: This is a very simple case, in all
- 25 actuality, Your Honor. There was an election in



- 1 Sunny Isles in which three candidates qualified to
- 2 run for office. And one of the candidates,
- 3 Alex Amselem, decided to withdraw in a lawful
- 4 manner prior to the election, but after the
- 5 absentee ballots had been sent out.
- 6 THE COURT: And less than 30 days before the
- 7 election.
- 8 MR. LOWY: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: He withdrew on October the 13th,
- if I read my writing correctly?
- MR. LOWY: Yes, Your Honor. And, therefore,
- 12 his name still appeared on the ballot; and the
- 13 Department of Elections and the City attempted to
- 14 correct the problem by taking two actions: one,
- 15 publishing ads in the Miami Herald; and, secondly,
- 16 posting some notices at the different polling
- 17 places advising that Mr. Amselem was no longer a
- 18 candidate.
- 19 THE COURT: And that any votes for him would
- 20 be --
- MR. LOWY: Would not be counted.
- 22 THE COURT: Correct.
- MR. LOWY: Correct, Your Honor. Sadly, the
- 24 efforts of the elected officials in performing
- 25 those two tasks is inadequate under Florida Law in



- 1 order to discount those votes. That's what we're
- 2 here asserting and we believe the law supports.
- 3 THE COURT: Let me ask you a question. Did I
- 4 read somewhere in the filings that we were talking
- 5 about 100 absentee ballots?
- 6 MR. LOWY: It's -- I think it's like 114, if
- 7 I recall. I can double-check in a moment. But
- 8 even if it were one vote, Your Honor, it would
- 9 still not be adequate, because if one looks to the
- 10 precedent that is most applicable to this case --
- 11 and that's the Merrill v. Dade County case. And
- 12 the reason that's most applicable is my adversaries
- 13 would have you look at the McQuagge case --
- 14 THE COURT: Yes.
- MR. LOWY: -- which is an earlier Florida
- 16 Supreme Court case, and tell you that's the correct
- 17 precedent and to ignore Merrill. But Merrill is
- 18 from our own Third District, never overruled, and
- 19 interprets McQuagge; and we're, therefore, bound by
- 20 the Merrill case and its holding. And in the
- 21 Merrill case, the Court was very specific. It
- 22 discusses McQuagge; it discusses the fact that
- 23 there was an unusual set of facts.
- Mr. McQuagge in Dade County, the tax
- 25 assessor, was a byproduct, a byline of the county.



- 1 Everyone knew him. It's almost like going back to
- 2 the days of either Dante Fascell or -- or
- 3 Congressman Pepper. These were names that everyone
- 4 knew within the community; and when they passed
- 5 away, everyone was aware. No mistake could be
- 6 made.
- 7 The Third District in Merrill -- and I'm
- 8 getting right to the crux of the issue, Your Honor.
- 9 The Third District said Dade County is not like Bay
- 10 County. As a matter of fact, the exact words the
- 11 Court used in the Merrill decision is, "We think
- 12 that after a due consideration of the size of Dade
- 13 County and the problems of disseminating
- 14 information to the voters during the course of a
- 15 campaign, it cannot adequately be shown that those
- 16 who voted for Mrs. Oesterle knew she was
- 17 disqualified but went ahead and cast their vote for
- 18 her anyway merely as a negative expression."
- Now, while we're not talking about the entire
- 20 Dade County here, we're talking about Sunny Isles,
- 21 there's been no evidence presented to Your Honor
- 22 anywhere in these pleadings -- and it's been
- 23 represented that it is right for summary
- 24 judgment -- that everyone within Sunny Isles knew
- 25 Alex Amselem and knew that he had withdrawn.



1 THE COURT: But everybody who went to a 2 polling place --3 Well, let me -- let me go there. MR. LOWY: There was a polling place --4 THE COURT: 5 MR. LOWY: And I want to reach there after I deal with the absentee ballots. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. You -- you need to 8 distinguish it --9 MR. LOWY: And I will. 10 THE COURT: -- for me, because I've read it 11 very carefully. 12 MR. LOWY: And I appreciate that. 13 THE COURT: I gather from the admitted facts 14 that there was a notice on each and every polling 15 place posted where voters who went in person to 16 vote would see it. 17 MR. LOWY: That's correct, Your Honor. But 18 the mere fact that something is posted at a voting 19 place does not discount what you and I know occurs. 20 People rush into the polls, intending to vote for 21 the candidate of their choice, do not necessarily 22 read the walls and study everything up there. 23 want to get to their booth, push the button, and 24 get home. That's what many voters want to do. 25 there's no evidence that each voter saw this



- 1 notice. The mere fact that it's posted is not
- 2 sufficient to prove that everyone observed it.
- 3 And what we also note is that no effort was
- 4 made whatsoever to advise the absentee voters.
- 5 THE COURT: But there were only
- 6 100-and-some-odd of those.
- 7 MR. LOWY: It wouldn't matter if there was
- 8 one, Your Honor. It's illegal to throw out a
- 9 single vote simply because it serves your purpose
- 10 of helping you reach your 50 percent. Those votes
- 11 should have been counted. And according to the
- 12 Merrill and McQuagge cases, the only reason you use
- 13 notice --
- 14 THE COURT: But even if they were, you'd
- 15 still lose, wouldn't you?
- MR. LOWY: Well, no, Your Honor. Here's why:
- 17 First of all, McQuagge discusses -- and the
- 18 Defendants have confused the word "notice"
- 19 with "knowledge." Notice does not equate to
- 20 knowledge.
- In McQuagge, the Court said every voter
- 22 clearly had knowledge. First of all, it made --
- 23 and if we look at the elements of what they said,
- every voter, not all but 100, all but 60, all but
- 25 one, every voter knew in Bay County; and if anyone



- 1 voted for McQuagge, it was a sign of tribute or
- 2 respect. It wasn't intended as anything different.
- 3 To say that they voted for Alex Amselem, who had
- 4 never been in office before, because it was some
- 5 type of tribute or because they had knowledge is a
- 6 leap. You and I know, Your Honor, the likelihood
- 7 is those people that voted, the 10.46 percent --
- 8 that's what we have to look at; not just a number
- 9 of absentee voters, but the actual number of people
- 10 that voted for Mr. Amselem -- likely did not know
- 11 he had withdrawn from that race.
- 12 THE COURT: That's your assumption.
- MR. LOWY: And that is an assumption that
- 14 can't be made on the other side either. According
- 15 to the Third District, the assumption has to be
- 16 that you have to show, under McQuagge, that there
- 17 was knowledge. Or, in fact, you have to count
- 18 every vote. And that's what they held in Merrill.
- 19 You have to count every vote, unless you can show
- 20 that McQuagge applies. And McQuagge is distinct on
- 21 its facts. They would have you suggest that
- 22 McQuagge stands for the proposition of mere notice
- 23 or effort. That's not what it says. It talks
- 24 about knowledge.
- In fact, let me show you the difficulty with



- 1 using "notice" versus "knowledge." We're in 2016,
- 2 Your Honor. This election was last year. There
- 3 are so many other methods today other than the
- 4 Miami Herald, which is clearly a minority method,
- 5 and the mere posting, which doesn't take into
- 6 consideration those people that rush in, don't read
- 7 well, may have a list they're voting from, aren't
- 8 paying attention to the walls. To suggest that
- 9 other methods weren't available to rise perhaps to
- 10 the level of knowledge is ignoring the Internet,
- 11 ignoring express overnight mail. All the voters
- 12 could have been given notice in writing. There was
- 13 still sufficient notice between the 13th of October
- 14 and election day. A letter could have gone out to
- 15 every single voter in the three languages that they
- 16 could have read. That wasn't done, Your Honor.
- 17 The Miami Herald isn't sufficient. There's
- 18 no Florida Statute that says, "We are overruling
- 19 McQuagge and Merrill. If you send out notice or
- 20 post notice, that's sufficient." We live in a
- 21 country where the vote is supposed to be so crucial
- 22 and so treasured that the Third District said, "You
- 23 count every vote, unless you meet the unusual
- 24 circumstances in McQuagge." And I think that if
- 25 Your Honor takes into consideration the sad



- 1 reduction in voting over the last 50 years -- we've
- 2 watched the percentages go lower and lower and
- 3 lower -- I think we in the government sector,
- 4 whether we're judges, elected officials, or even
- 5 lawyers, have a duty to do everything possible to
- 6 promote the vote, encourage the vote, and assure
- 7 that it is counted and follow what the Third
- 8 District wanted us to do.
- 9 It may result in an unnecessary election.
- 10 George Scholl may be reelected. But in our
- 11 civilization, in our democracy, the vote is what
- 12 counts; and we're supposed to follow the rules.
- 13 And every legal vote should be counted, and these
- 14 were legal votes. These were not illegal votes.
- 15 And for all of those reasons, Your Honor, we
- 16 believe that this matter needs to be sent back for
- 17 another election, runoff election.
- And I would also point out to Your Honor that
- 19 there are many elections in recent history, or in
- 20 our history at least, where one candidate was far
- 21 ahead in the pre-runoff but we saw the opposition
- 22 win. One such race was the famous Elaine Bloom vs.
- 23 Dermer race in Miami Beach. So to say that we can
- 24 guess at the result had Mr. Amselem not been on the
- 25 ballot, we can guess at the result if we count the



- 1 absentee ballots but forget those that walk into
- 2 the polls and didn't see the notice, if we start
- 3 making those types of exceptions and thinking in
- 4 place of what the voter intended, I think we're --
- 5 we're doing a poor duty here. And I think the
- 6 Third District decided in Merrill that we have to
- 7 go to the extreme. Unless you can show that there
- 8 is no doubt that every voter knew, every vote has
- 9 to be counted. It's that simple. It's a command
- 10 to Your Honor. It's clear precedent from the Third
- 11 District. It's on point. My adversaries would
- 12 like you to distinguish Merrill somehow when it's
- 13 McQuagge that is the case that was distinguished by
- 14 Merrill. It's not Merrill that's to be
- 15 distinguished.
- And they have filed a notice of supplemental
- authority showing that the City of Miami City
- 18 Attorney has issued some ruling finding that in its
- 19 city, where you don't need 50 percent for a runoff
- 20 and they decided not to count the votes of one of
- 21 the candidates, that you should therefore follow
- 22 the City Attorney's suggestion and the Department
- 23 of Elections' recommendations. But the judiciary
- is not bound or supposed to follow recommendations
- of the Department of Elections. We're supposed to



- 1 follow Florida Statutes and common law. That's how
- 2 I was trained, and I know that's how Your Honor was
- 3 trained.
- 4 THE COURT: Interesting that in McQuagge the
- 5 Court assumes -- and they use that word -- that all
- 6 the voters of the county had knowledge of the
- 7 death.
- 8 MR. LOWY: Yes. But they assume because of
- 9 the size and because of the fame.
- 10 THE COURT: Because of the size and he was so
- 11 prominent.
- MR. LOWY: That's right. Exactly.
- 13 THE COURT: Right. So here we have also a
- 14 size issue because there were, like, 14,000 votes,
- 15 I think, in that case; and in this case we have,
- 16 what, about 6,000.
- 17 MR. LOWY: If that. But the difference,
- 18 Your Honor, is in Dade County --
- 19 THE COURT: Right. And we have those notices
- 20 being posted on each and every polling place.
- 21 MR. LOWY: But keep in mind, Your Honor, that
- in Bay County you have people that have lived there
- 23 for 50 years. This is a community that's
- 24 long-existing in rural Florida, while Sunny Isles
- is candidly a brand-new community, with new



- 1 condominiums popping up and people just moving in
- 2 and voting. It's nothing like Bay County where
- 3 they knew the elected officials and knew who
- 4 withdraws or who dies. I think it's quite
- 5 distinguishable. And I think if -- if the Court
- 6 would rule that Clara Oesterle, who -- who many of
- 7 us, if not all of us, remember well because we're
- 8 well-educated, even there, the Court found that a
- 9 woman of her stature was not well enough known
- 10 within Dade County to make that presumption.
- 11 THE COURT: In a county of millions.
- MR. LOWY: I'm sorry, Your Honor?
- 13 THE COURT: In a county of millions.
- 14 MR. LOWY: Of course. But similarly, to
- 15 assume that Alex Amselem is that well-known in
- 16 Sunny Isles, no evidence has been presented. And
- 17 that would be an unfair presumption. There's been
- 18 nothing to suggest that the majority, an
- 19 overwhelming number, or almost everyone, or in fact
- 20 every single person, knew he withdrew. I think,
- 21 actually, the opposite is more likely, based on the
- 22 election and the results. And I think you have a
- 23 right to look to the 10.46 percent, which is a very
- 24 substantial number.
- Thank you, Your Honor.



- 1 THE COURT: Thank you for your Thank you. 2 excellent argument. 3 MR. SHUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor. The colloquy that you had with Mr. Lowy I 4 5 think demonstrates the strength of our position and the weakness of their position, but let me just try 6 to put it in further emphasis as best as I can. 7 Their argument is, essentially, that all votes cast 8 9 for a withdrawn candidate must or should be 10 counted, regardless of whether or not there was 11 notice in the voting booth, in the absentee ballots 12 that went out after the withdrawal, regardless of 13 the fact that the Secretary of State in 2011 issued quidelines setting forth uniform guidelines for how 14 15 that notice should read, the language in which it 16 should appear, the typeface in which it should appear, something that was not present at the time 17 18 of Merrill. So that's their argument. 19 And their argument is, essentially, that by not recognizing those votes, you are somehow 20 21 disenfranchising a total of 304 voters who went 22 into a voting booth, took an absentee ballot, had 23 the notice --24 THE COURT: No, wait. Those people who took
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an absentee ballot didn't go in the voting booth.

- 1 MR. SHUBIN: No, no, no. Either. Either
- 2 they took an absentee ballot after the notice was
- 3 put in the absentee ballot or went in the voting
- 4 booth, saw in big bold letters that Alex Amselem
- 5 had withdrawn, that a vote for him didn't count,
- 6 and they ignored that.
- 7 Our position is that votes cast for a
- 8 withdrawn candidate should not be counted when
- 9 voters have knowledge and notice of the withdrawal.
- 10 What they're asking you to do --
- 11 THE COURT: Well, we don't know whether they
- 12 have the knowledge; but we know that notice was
- 13 prominently posted.
- 14 MR. SHUBIN: The notice -- but I think you
- 15 can assume, Your Honor, just like the Supreme Court
- 16 did -- and I was going to bring that to your
- 17 attention -- that if you walk into a voting booth
- 18 and you read -- you can read one of the languages
- in which the notice was published and you read it,
- 20 that you did have knowledge that he had withdrawn.
- 21 The suggestion that someone who is smart enough to
- figure out where Alex Amselem's name is somehow
- 23 couldn't read the notice is just simply -- it
- 24 doesn't make sense and it's inconsistent with the
- 25 law.



1 And what they're asking you to do -- and this 2 is what's important -- they're asking you to 3 invalidate the 1489 votes for Bud Scholl, who's been the mayor for almost 16 months now. 4 And 5 they're also asking you to invalidate the 1309 votes for Thaler. And what's interesting is and 6 what Mr. Lowy doesn't bring to your attention --7 8 and he embraces the Merrill case but he doesn't appear to embrace all of it -- is that in the -- in 9 10 the Merrill case, the Third District cites from the 11 case of Carn v. Moore, a 1917 Supreme Court case 12 where they acknowledge that the guiding principal 13 should be that where the voter has done all that is necessary to honestly and intelligently cast his 14 15 vote, unless fraud, corruption, or coercion has been exercised, an election should be upheld. 16 17 There's no evidence of fraud, no evidence of 18 corruption, no evidence of coercion. 19 And I think it's clear that the 2,798 people 20 who honestly and intelligently cast their vote for 21 both Thaler and Scholl should not be 22 disenfranchised because of the 324 people who, at 23 best, ignored the notice. That was not done -- and 24 I want to -- I wrote down Mr. Lowy's words. 25 wanted to suggest to you that the City and the



- 1 County made something up once they learned that
- 2 Mr. Amselem had withdrawn. No, they followed the
- 3 Department of State guidelines. They printed the
- 4 notice verbatim. And they're suggesting that those
- 5 324 people who ignored that notice should trump the
- 6 almost 2800 people who honestly and intelligently
- 7 cast their vote.
- 8 They embrace -- I -- I don't mean to state
- 9 the obvious. McQuagge is a Supreme Court case.
- 10 Merrill is a Third District case, but we embrace
- 11 Merrill because Merrill supports our position. In
- 12 fact, after the Third District goes through its
- 13 explanation of McQuagge and looks at it in the
- 14 context of the facts in the Merrill case -- and it
- 15 talks about criticism that applies to what's known
- 16 as the English Rule. It says, "We think there is
- 17 some merit to the criticism. Nevertheless, even if
- 18 we were to adopt the minority view, we do not think
- 19 that there is sufficient indication that the voters
- 20 in this case knew Mrs. Oesterle was either
- 21 disqualified or ineligible to be elected for the
- 22 115th District C."
- 23 And let me also point out a fact that
- 24 Mr. Lowy overlooked. This -- the Merrill case is a
- 25 case where Mrs. Oesterle's name appeared twice on



- 1 the ballot, twice on the same ballot: once for
- 2 House of Representatives, the second time for
- 3 County Commission. And I don't know what was
- 4 stipulated to, but the Third District seemed to
- 5 accept the fact that it was a, quote, mistake; that
- 6 there was a mistake in the ballot that had
- 7 Mrs. Oesterle in two separate places. There was no
- 8 notice along the lines of the notice in this case;
- 9 and nevertheless, they went through the analysis,
- 10 which is the same analysis that we think leads you
- 11 to the conclusion under our facts, under both
- 12 McQuagge and Merrill, that the only decision in
- 13 this case is to uphold the election as it was
- 14 certified by the Canvassing Board.
- And, again, we went through this. I don't
- 16 want to belabor it. The Court concluded that
- 17 "after due consideration of the size of Dade County
- 18 and the problems of disseminating information to
- 19 the voters during the course of the campaign, it
- 20 cannot adequately be shown that those who voted for
- 21 Mr. Oesterle knew that she was disqualified but
- 22 went ahead and cast their vote for her anyway,
- 23 merely as a negative expression." And, again,
- 24 we're not talking about the universe of people who
- 25 didn't show up in the ballot box. We're not



- 1 talking about what they knew or what we -- what
- 2 they didn't know. We're talking about a world
- 3 post-Merrill. We're talking about Sunny Isles
- 4 Beach, as opposed to Miami-Dade County. We're
- 5 talking about notice. We're talking about a set of
- 6 facts that didn't involve basically a mistaken
- 7 ballot where one person's name appears on both --
- 8 for both elections.
- 9 And I think it's overwhelmingly clear that
- 10 using the analysis of Merrill that attempts to
- 11 reconcile itself with McQuagge, looking at the
- 12 Supreme Court, looking at the Third District, the
- only conclusion that you can reach is that you need
- 14 to validate the 2798 people who voted for both
- 15 Thaler and Scholl and respect the decision of the
- 16 Canvassing Board that has been in place and has
- 17 been honored for almost 16 months. And unless you
- 18 have any questions, I'll relinquish some time to
- 19 co-counsel.
- 20 THE COURT: Thank you.
- MR. DE GRANDY: Again, good afternoon,
- 22 Your Honor.
- 23 THE COURT: Good afternoon.
- MR. DE GRANDY: Miguel De Grandy on behalf of
- 25 Sunny Isles Beach. And I would adopt the arguments



- 1 made by Mr. Shubin, with the exception that I
- 2 pronounce the case McQuagge; and we may never know
- 3 whether it's McQuagge, McQuagge, or McQuagge. But
- 4 I'll try not to be too repetitive.
- 5 Your Honor, the Plaintiff has invited this
- 6 Court to set an unattainable goal, which is to
- 7 prove actual knowledge of every voter who cast
- 8 ballots for Amselem. And to meet that standard, we
- 9 would have to interview every voter who
- 10 participated in the entire election; and that is
- 11 not what the law requires. There is no case that
- 12 was cited to support that proposition, nor I dare
- 13 say any case that you could find, Your Honor, that
- 14 supports that position.
- Now, clearly, McQuagge, a Supreme Court
- 16 decision, is controlling law in this matter.
- 17 Merrill is not inconsistent with McQuagge nor could
- 18 it service to overrule a Supreme Court decision.
- 19 Merrill was also decided based on the adequacy of
- 20 notice of voters and, in that case, lack thereof.
- 21 Now, in this case, we have actual notice provided
- 22 in every voting booth. Now, Your Honor is an
- 23 elector, as am I. Your Honor knows that the voting
- 24 booth is about this wide (indicating) and about
- 25 this deep (indicating), and the notice is right in



- 1 front of your face. And so the question in this
- 2 case is, does actual notice of that nature, right
- 3 in front of your face at every polling booth, allow
- 4 this Court to conclude, as the McQuagge Court did,
- 5 that it is, quote, natural to assume that all the
- 6 voters of the city had knowledge of the withdrawal
- 7 of Alex Amselem. And that question has been
- 8 answered by several Appellate Courts Plaintiff did
- 9 not discuss in this case.
- In Cobb vs. Thurman, the Court approved a
- 11 notice very similar to this case. In that case you
- 12 had a Republican candidate that withdrew. The
- 13 party substituted Mr. Negron for Mr. Foley, that
- 14 had withdrawn. In that case, the Court accepted a
- 15 notice very, very similar to this case. Now,
- 16 Plaintiff tries to distinguish that, arguing that
- 17 Cobb was about giving notice of a replacement
- 18 candidate as opposed to a withdrawn candidate; but
- 19 that misses the point, which is, is notice at
- 20 polling places sufficient to inform voters of a
- 21 change in circumstances? And Cobb stands for the
- 22 proposition that providing actual notice at the
- 23 polling place, quote, is essential to the voters
- 24 casting an effective ballot, unquote, at Page
- 25 644-645.



- 1 Cobb is also specifically referenced as
- 2 authority by the Fourth DCA in Levey vs. Dijols,
- 3 and that was a case where an individual was taken
- 4 off the ballot because of a complaint of a
- 5 third-place candidate based on the fact that she
- 6 had used her maiden name instead of her married
- 7 name. And the Court reinstated her and said if the
- 8 Department of Elections cannot reprint the ballots
- 9 in time, a notice such as the one in Cobb must be
- 10 provided.
- Now, Plaintiff's argument, Your Honor -- let
- 12 me shift to the charter. Plaintiff's argument
- 13 regarding the charter is also unavailable. The
- 14 charter speaks to a total number of ballots cast,
- 15 but that language is further informed by State law
- 16 to mean valid ballots; thus, invalid ballots cannot
- 17 be counted. If Your Honor were to accept the
- 18 Plaintiff's simplistic interpretation of the
- 19 charter, it would lead to absurd results. For
- 20 example, there is no question, Your Honor, that an
- 21 undervote is part of a ballot. You have a ballot,
- 22 five races, you voted on four. The fifth is an
- 23 undervote. Now, based on the Plaintiff's
- interpretation, that undervote would count towards
- 25 determining whether there should be a runoff. And



- 1 yet State law in Bush vs. Gore made clear that
- 2 those are not to be counted and cannot affect the
- 3 result.
- 4 Now, Your Honor, there's -- it is also clear
- 5 that the case law gives wide deference to an
- 6 agency's own interpretation of its rules,
- 7 regulations, and ordinances. And here, the City
- 8 Attorney has opined that the charter must be read
- 9 consistent with State law; and, therefore,
- 10 withdrawn candidates' votes are null and void. The
- 11 governing body of Sunny Isles Beach has unanimously
- 12 ratified that opinion, and the County who conducts
- 13 the elections also takes the same position.
- Now, let me address very quickly the issue of
- 15 absentee ballots. Even if all 100 -- all 100
- 16 absentee ballots would not change the result of
- 17 this election. And what they have to prove is that
- 18 there is a sufficient number of illegal ballots
- 19 such that the election would be in doubt. And so
- 20 whether you counted the 100 ballots or not, it
- 21 doesn't change the result of the election. The --
- 22 he still gets over 50 percent.
- Now, in closing, Your Honor, let me just say
- 24 that because all voters had actual notice, there is
- 25 no question that this Court can conclude that



- 1 voters had knowledge of the withdrawal; and under
- 2 McQuagge, therefore, the votes for Amselem were
- 3 properly found to be null and void.
- If you have any questions, I'd be happy to
- 5 answer them.
- 6 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 7 Do you want to respond, Mr. Lowy?
- 8 MR. LOWY: Thank you.
- 9 MR. VALDES: Your Honor, I want to --
- 10 THE COURT: Oh, sorry.
- 11 MR. VALDES: It's okay.
- 12 THE COURT: I don't want to cut you out.
- 13 MR. VALDES: Your Honor, I believe much of
- 14 the argument and facts have already been
- 15 established well enough already; but I just want to
- 16 emphasize a couple of things that I believe weren't
- 17 as adequately addressed or I want to emphasize.
- 18 First and foremost, the -- it's been
- 19 stipulated by all of the parties that notice was
- 20 provided at all of the precinct locations in all
- 21 the individual polling booths and in -- it was
- 22 mailed as a notice in all of the absentee ballots
- 23 that had not yet been sent up at the time
- 24 Mr. Amselem formally withdraw and followed the
- 25 official procedures to withdraw. We weren't able



- 1 to distinguish between the absentee ballots that
- 2 were sent down at that date and after that date, so
- 3 we've assumed, even if all the absentee ballots are
- 4 included in that figure, it would still be
- 5 irrelevant to the calculus; but there were a
- 6 significant number of absentee ballots that would
- 7 have had that noticing done all the same.
- 8 Second, I think the major issue in this case
- 9 is, what does it mean for there to be knowledge?
- 10 Or how do we establish that knowledge can -- can be
- 11 found on the part of the voters that this vote
- 12 would not count if it was voted for Mr. Amselem?
- 13 And in looking to McQuagge, the only thing I ask
- 14 Your Honor to recognize is that if the Supreme
- 15 Court of Florida found that knowledge can be
- 16 established by an individual's renown, then how can
- it not be established by actual notice placed in
- 18 front of every voting booth and in front of every
- 19 precinct to all the voters in Sunny Isles Beach
- 20 that were voting on election day?
- 21 And I think the best fact that we have that
- 22 this particular type of notice is sufficient is the
- 23 fact that Courts routinely order notice as a remedy
- 24 in a variety of cases. And if we look at some of
- 25 the cases that were provided in -- and cited to in



- 1 our brief and have been established elsewhere, Diaz
- 2 vs. Lopez, which was a recent case dealing with the
- 3 City of Sweetwater's mayoral election, the District
- 4 Court authorized the Department of Elections in
- 5 conducting the election to follow the procedures
- 6 outlined by the Department of State. The
- 7 Third DCA, on appeal, affirmed that decision and
- 8 ordered us to comply with those -- with those
- 9 provisions in -- in explaining to the voters and
- 10 providing notice to the voters as to exactly how
- 11 they should be informed that a vote for the
- 12 candidate that was no longer eligible to run for
- 13 office would not count.
- And I believe that the most important thing
- 15 that we would try to stress, as the agency
- 16 oftentimes required to run these elections, is that
- if this particular type of notice, in complying
- 18 with the Department of State's guidelines, is
- 19 insufficient, then this Court effectively removes
- 20 any remedy that the States or the Courts can
- 21 possess to establish that a candidate has been
- 22 disqualified and to allow the orderly conduct of
- 23 elections. I believe that we brought up three --
- 24 three different types of examples where under the
- 25 Plaintiff's interpretation of the rules, depending



- on how the votes aligned, there would be three
- 2 entirely different ways of dealing with that
- 3 situation, whereas complying with the State
- 4 quidelines provides one clear-cut way of resolving
- 5 all three of those cases.
- 6 For those reasons and the reasons stated in
- 7 our response, we rest.
- 8 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 9 MR. LOWY: Thank you, Judge.
- 10 I'll try to make it short and simple. First,
- 11 responding to the last argument in all the
- 12 different alternatives that are available, we only
- 13 see one alternative, Your Honor: Count the votes.
- 14 If no one gets 50 percent, there's a runoff.
- 15 That's what the law says in Sunny Isles; that's
- 16 what was supposed to occur. What they're trying to
- 17 do is create an artificial rule that says, "Well,
- if we post, then we don't have to follow what
- 19 Merrill or the case law says. We don't have to
- 20 follow the charter exactly. We can do something
- 21 different because we posted a notice." But all
- they have to do, if that's how they want to
- 23 operate, is convince the Florida Legislature and
- 24 the governor to pass such a statute; but there is
- 25 no such statute. So they want Your Honor to,



- 1 basically, judicially legislate that the mere
- 2 placement of notices will now equate with knowledge
- 3 and it doesn't matter if there are some voters who
- 4 don't come to the polls because they've already
- 5 voted absentee. It doesn't matter if those votes
- 6 are counted or not; they're just disqualified, even
- 7 though they intended to vote and did vote legally.
- 8 Let me -- let me say, Your Honor, that one of
- 9 the cases here was slightly misquoted; and I want
- 10 to refer to that. It was suggested that in
- 11 McQuagge, or McQuagge, that an assumption was being
- 12 made and that assumptions are okay. But let's be
- 13 precise about what the Court actually said.
- 14 THE COURT: They said they assumed.
- MR. LOWY: Well, but why did they assume?
- 16 They gave a reason. They said --
- 17 THE COURT: Yes.
- 18 MR. LOWY: -- "Because the death was widely
- 19 publicized over radio, telephone" -- and by not
- 20 just a local newspaper, it uses the plural --
- 21 "newspapers, and general discussion throughout the
- 22 county" -- I think that's a typo. It
- 23 says "country." I think they meant county -- "it
- is therefore natural to assume that all the voters
- of the county had knowledge." Nowhere have they



- 1 suggested this was a matter of public discourse,
- 2 great public discussion, public knowledge. All
- 3 they're saying is, "We posted a notice."
- 4 THE COURT: Right in front of the voters'
- 5 face. Give me a break.
- 6 MR. LOWY: Right in front of some of the
- 7 voters' faces, not all.
- 8 THE COURT: In every polling place.
- 9 MR. LOWY: Yes, but not the ones who voted
- 10 absentee.
- 11 THE COURT: But those would not have made
- 12 your candidate win.
- 13 MR. LOWY: Are you allowed to make that
- 14 decision and say, "Well, you can discount those
- 15 because it wouldn't have changed the result"? They
- 16 had no right to declare those votes illegal. And
- 17 if some votes are counted as illegal, then all the
- 18 votes are. It wouldn't matter if it were 10
- 19 instead of 100. As a matter of fact, in the
- 20 Merrill case, Your Honor, it says -- and by the
- 21 way, I only read this momentarily ago because
- 22 Mr. Shubin quoted the prior paragraph talking about
- 23 Carn v. Moore, an old case which suggested you have
- 24 to show corruption or some other motive. Here it
- 25 says, in the following paragraph, "We agree with



- 1 these principles, but the precise question
- 2 presented here is whether or not all" -- and it
- 3 capitalizes the word "all" in the middle of the
- 4 sentence to highlight the fact that every vote is
- 5 important -- "all votes cast in the election must
- 6 be counted in order to correctly ascertain if a
- 7 runoff election is required." It doesn't
- 8 say, "Well, you can say that some don't matter
- 9 because there was a notice here" and that the
- 10 remaining ones wouldn't have changed anything. It
- 11 says, "All votes must be counted," not some of the
- 12 votes, not part of the votes you would like, not
- 13 the ones that you think had knowledge, but the ones
- 14 that didn't we're gonna count.
- What we know here, Your Honor, is that all
- 16 the votes were not counted. We know that none of
- 17 the absentee ballots for Mr. Amselem were counted.
- 18 We know that that alone is a violation of the law.
- 19 It had to have been counted. Those were legal
- 20 votes. So the certification by the Election
- 21 Department was blatantly illegal and did not even
- 22 follow the rule that they claimed they were trying
- 23 to follow, which is to count the votes which were
- 24 noticed, which they equate with knowledge. I don't
- 25 equate notice with knowledge, because in Merrill it



- 1 continuously used the word "knowledge," as did
- 2 McQuagge; and neither talks simply about the
- 3 word "notice." As a matter of fact, the
- 4 word "notice" does not really appear. It's the
- 5 word "knowledge."
- 6 So we know that they acted improperly when
- 7 they did not count those absentee ballots. And now
- 8 we have a directive from the Third District which
- 9 tells us all votes must be counted. I think it's
- 10 just a matter of applying the precedent. We may
- 11 not want to agree with it. We may have our own
- 12 logical methods of analysis that could justify why
- 13 we think this election was fair; but the real test
- is, what does the Third District tell us to do?
- 15 Thank you, Judge.
- 16 THE COURT: Thank you.
- Now, thank you all for your excellent
- 18 arguments.
- 19 I'm persuaded by the Defendants in this case,
- 20 based upon McQuagge. I think that that's the case
- 21 that is most similar to what we have before us, and
- 22 the Merrill case is quite distinguishable based on
- 23 its facts. McQuagge was decided based upon the
- 24 Court's assumption that all voters knew that
- 25 Mr. McQuagge had died because it was a small



- 1 community.
- In this case, the agreed facts are that a
- 3 notice in big print was placed in every single
- 4 voting booth where the -- I think it was
- 5 approximately 6,000 people went to vote. I think
- 6 we can assume knowledge based upon that in the same
- 7 way that the Supreme Court assumed knowledge based
- 8 upon the prominence of an individual in a small
- 9 community. And even if the 114 absentee ballots
- 10 were included in the count, the 114 that were
- 11 apparently cast after the Department had provided
- 12 the notice of the withdrawal of that candidate, it
- 13 still would not have -- have put the Plaintiff up
- 14 above the 50 percent. And so to make the City go
- 15 through another election process under these
- 16 circumstances, I don't think so.
- But I appreciate the -- the good work of all
- 18 counsel. It was very helpful for me to have all of
- 19 that, and I did have the time today to read it
- 20 pretty carefully.
- 21 So does somebody on the Defense side want to
- 22 draft an order?
- MR. SHUBIN: We'll draft an order and we
- 24 should submit it directly to you, Your Honor.
- 25 THE COURT: Submit it through



- 1 Judge Cardonne-Ely's chambers. They'll track me
- 2 down. I have to sign it.
- 3 MR. SHUBIN: Are you on E-Filing and
- 4 eCourtesy, or we do it the old-fashioned way?
- 5 THE COURT: Well, you can do it through
- 6 E-Filing/eCourtesy; and I'll have them tell me.
- 7 However you submit things to Judge Cardonne-Ely, do
- 8 it with me.
- 9 MR. SHUBIN: All right. We'll -- we'll do
- 10 that promptly, Your Honor.
- 11 THE COURT: Exactly. And I'll instruct the
- 12 bailiff to get it to me as soon as possible.
- If you submit it next week, don't be
- 14 concerned if you don't get it back right away
- 15 because I'm going to be out of town for four days
- 16 next week.
- 17 MR. LOWY: I trust the Defense will draft the
- order to align with the oral ruling, as opposed to
- 19 their briefs, Your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: Well, I -- I have no qualms about
- 21 editing what I don't think is appropriate. I may
- include an elaboration of the reasoning, because I
- 23 have read the cases and I -- there's no point in
- 24 holding you here to go into great detail.
- MR. SHUBIN: Thank you, Your Honor.



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1
           MR. LOWY: I assume they'll send me a
 2
     courtesy copy.
 3
           THE COURT: I trust that they will before
     submitting it.
 4
                       Yes, we will. We'll first look
 5
           MR. SHUBIN:
     at the transcript. We'll get the transcript
 6
     expedited. We'll look at it and we'll draft it
 7
8
     consistent with the transcript --
 9
           THE COURT:
                       Right.
10
           MR. SHUBIN: -- and provide a copy to
11
     Mr. Lowy.
12
           MR. VALDES: We'll provide it to Your Honor
13
     in Word so that you can edit whatever you feel is
14
     appropriate.
15
           THE COURT: Yes, yes. That's great. Thank
16
     you.
17
           (The proceedings concluded at 3:41 p.m.)
18
19
20
21
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23
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25
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	STATE OF FLORIDA: COUNTY OF MIAMI-DADE:
3	
4	I, Lesly Montes, Court Reporter, certify that I was authorized to and did report the foregoing proceedings;
5	that the foregoing pages 4 through 37, inclusive, are a true and complete record of the proceedings; and that
6	said proceedings have been transcribed by me or under my direction.
7	I further certify that I am not a relative or
8	employee of any of the parties, nor am I a relative or counsel connected with the parties' attorneys or counsel
9	connected with the action, nor am I financially interested in the outcome of the action.
10	DATED this 26th day of February, 2016.
11	
12	
13	1 - 1 - M - 4 - 1
14	Lesly Montes
15	Lesly Montes, FPM, Court Reporter
16	
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